

THE HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

Established March 4, 1885, and Made Famous in the Celebrated Story of "Johnathan and His Continent," by Max O'Rell.

SPENCER COOPER, Owner and Editor.

"Of a Nasty World, With News From All Nations Lumbering at His Back,"

\$1.00 A YEAR, Always in Advance.

TENTH YEAR.

HAZEL GREEN, WOLFE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1894.

NUMBER 90.

WOLFE COUNTY.

Lane Locals.

John Graham sings tenor. Johnnie Herst was a guest of D. C. Miller last Sunday.

Taylor Landsaw has had heart trouble for some time on account of his girl changing her mind.

D. C. Miller and daughter, Miss Lizzie, and his son David, made a flying trip to St. Helens last week.

Miss Alice Landsaw, of Lane, who has been staying at Captain L. Hurst's, has come home to spend a few days.

D. B. Tyree passed through here last week with his gun and dog on his way to Indian creek in search of bear meat.

O. C. King is a candidate for matrimony. He has his eye on a young lady of Hunting Fork. She is quite young and handsome.

Robert Fletcher and Miss Lizzie Kidd were married at the residence of Gardner Fletcher last Thursday, Rev. Jasper Fletcher officiating.

W. J. Baker will move to Beattyville next week, where he has obtained employment for a while, and when his job is completed he will go to his old home in Ohio.

SHANGHAI.

Lee City Locals.

Mrs. R. G. Rose is on the sick list. W. E. McPherson moved to Caney Nov. 19th.

Dr. W. S. Maddox is suffering with neuralgia of the heart.

W. C. Wilson was in town last week the guest of C. C. Chaney.

James Patrick and Taylor Elam have bought town lots and are building on them.

R. G. Rose and his two daughters attended the quarterly meeting on Gilmore creek Sunday.

The wives of S. H. Wilson, H. K. Nickell and J. B. Amyx went to Mt. Sterling last week on a visit.

Mr. Clay, representing the firm of Witt & Watkins, Lynchburg, Virginia, was in town last week.

Born, on the 22d inst., to the wife of J. B. Rose, a 14-pound boy; also to the wife of Robert Dunn, a girl.

W. L. Bailey and Miss Nancy Carpenter were married on the 17th inst., Rev. W. L. Taulbee officiating.

Mrs. Daniel A. Williams died on the 21st inst. She was sick only about three days. She was a most excellent lady, devoted wife and pure Christian. The bereaved ones have our sympathy. AND.

Spradling Spangles.

Miss Florence Cranford is attending school at Campton.

Boone Hanks, of Campton, was in our midst this week on business.

Miller Trent has moved to Jas. Brown's, where he will reside for the next year.

John T. Center has moved back from Campton to his farm. He has been merchandising for the past year.

Frank Samples, of Laurel, was here Sunday, and from what we can learn, some of the girls will start out canvassing soon, as they say they have a sample.

What has become of all the dyed-in-the-wool Democrats. Judging from the land-slide at the recent election they all must have left home. I desire to let them know that I am here and ever expect to be.

Your correspondent had the pleasure of meeting Dr. James Tutt, who has been out West for three years, and he had a great deal to talk about. He says that the West is a pretty country, but nothing to compare with his native home, old

Kentucky. He says that now he will live and die here, and I see where he is right. HYPHEN.

NEATLY TRAPPED

Was An Imposter By Manager James E. Fennessy.

A young man who gave his name as Ignatius Haney got himself in a disagreeable scrape last night. The story is that Haney has a penchant for attending the theater. His long suit is vaudeville shows. It is supposed that he could sit through a melodrama if necessary, but he has shown a decided preference for variety performances. In some manner the young fellow tumbled to the fact that it is customary among theatrical managers to extend courtesies to each other. Several days ago he appeared at the People's Theater and asked for a couple of seats, claiming they were for Treasurer Ed Aylward, of the Grand opera house. He was given the seats, but was informed that in the future it would be better if he would bring a written order from Mr. Aylward.

About 8 o'clock the night following the telephone bell at the People's rang, and Colonel James E. Fennessy, the clever manager of the house, happened to be alone in the office. The speaker said he was Mr. Ed Aylward, and asked Colonel Fennessy if he would favor him with a couple of seats. The last named gentleman at once answered in the affirmative. A short time thereafter Haney presented himself at the People's box office. While Treasurer Eddie Winterburn was presumably hunting desirable seats for the young man, Colonel Fennessy was doing some lightning work at the telephone. By the time that Haney had been given the two seats Mr. Aylward had reached the People's theater.

"That man is an impostor," exclaimed Aylward, as he saw Haney. The latter was then called into Colonel Fennessy's office. He tried to smooth the ruffled feathers of the hustling manager of the "home of vaudeville," but received a large thump in the mouth which felled him to the floor. Colonel Fennessy then gave Haney a choice boquet of shoe leather, after which he allowed the impostor to rise from the floor. A conversation between the two theatrical men was then held, and it was decided not to prosecute. He was consequently dismissed, after receiving a lecture tinged with remarks from Colonel Fennessy which fairly sizzled with brimstone. It is now a 1 to 2 shot that the next time Brother Haney places his visage in front of the box office at the People's he will have the necessary coin of the realm in his fist.—Cincinnati Inquirer, 25th.

Lost Without It.

ROBERT LEE, }
Coke county, Tex., Nov. 16, '94. }

MR. COOPER—Dear Sir:—You will find enclosed postoffice order for \$1.00, for which send me the HAZEL GREEN HERALD. I have been lost without it. It has been over a year since I have had the pleasure of reading it. It does me so much good to read it, when I can hear all the news and know what my old friends are doing in Wolfe county. I will close by wishing the editor and his wife good luck. Yours truly,

HENRY WILLIAMS.

The distillery warehouse of B. B. Golden, near Barboursville, Ky., was destroyed by fire on the 17th inst.

PAPER CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION.

Interesting Facts and Figures in Treasurer Morgan's Annual Report.

The treasurer of the United States, Hon. D. N. Morgan, has submitted to Secretary Carlisle the annual report on the operations and conditions of the treasury.

The net ordinary revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, cents omitted, were \$297,722,010, a decrease of \$88,007,009, as compared with the year before. The net ordinary expenditures were \$367,525,279, a decrease of \$15,952,674. Including the public debt the total receipts on all accounts were \$724,006,539, and the expenditures were \$698,008,522. At the close of business June 30, 1893, there stood on the books of the department charged to the treasurer a balance of \$738,467,555.

Adding to this the receipts on all accounts gives \$1,462,274,093, as the total to be accounted for, and deducting the expenditures leaves a balance of \$763,565,540 June 30, 1894. In addition to these balances, however, there were other liabilities, arising from the postal revenues, from disbursing officers and from other sources, which brought the total to \$776,051,808 at the former date, and to \$804,854,756 at the latter.

After setting aside the amounts treated as unavailable, the principal of which are the deposits made with the states under the law of 1836, there remained the sum of \$746,588,655 in 1893, and the sum of \$775,310,559 in 1894, represented by live assets in the several offices of the treasury and mint, together with deposits in national banks. Of these balances the sums of \$584,593,920 and \$616,155,820 respectively, were on deposit for the redemption of outstanding certificates and treasury notes, leaving \$161,994,735 and \$159,154,739 as the balances on account of the general fund.

The treasurer remarks that the impairment of the dead reserve, rendering necessary the issuing of bonds in February, was caused chiefly by the depletion of the treasury resulting from insufficient revenues. Even when the supply of paper had become so reduced that the treasury was obliged to pay out large sums of gold in the ordinary disbursements the coin was freely returned in the revenues. The proceeds of this loan were \$58,660,000 in gold coin and certificates, but during the month of February there were redeemed \$19,200,000 of notes in gold, presumably to meet subscriptions to the loan, so that the net gold proceeds were about \$39,500,000. This, together with a gain of \$1,500,000 in gold from ordinary sources, caused the reserve to go up from \$65,000,000 to \$100,500,000, while the net assets of the treasury, with an excess of \$7,000,000 of expenditures over receipts for the month went from \$125,000,000 to \$177,000,000. During the succeeding months until the end of the first week in August, the reserve was affected by deficient revenues and withdrawals of gold for export. The lowest point touched by the reserve was \$50,189,505, August 7, 1894.

Prior to July, 1892, the gold reserve was but little affected by withdrawals of coin, there never having been any considerable demand for the redemption of notes. Even when gold exports were heavy the metal was furnished by bankers from their vaults or was ob-

tained from the treasury for gold certificates, of course, without impairment to the reserve. During the last two years, however, the treasury has been called upon to furnish nearly the whole of the requirements for exportation, and there have recently been considerable withdrawals for other uses. To the end of September last the total redemptions of United States notes in gold since the resumption of specie payments were \$181,800,000, and the total redemptions of treasury notes in gold from their first issue were \$68,500,000.

The two important events of the year affecting the condition of the public debt were the issue of \$50,000,000 of 5 per cent. bonds to replenish the gold reserve and the stoppage of the purchase of silver bullion by the issue of treasury notes.

The amount of the new issues of United States paper currency put into circulation during the year was \$350,959,100, having been exceeded but once, in 1892. The amount of worn and mutilated notes redeemed was \$319,002,200. This also has been exceeded but once, in 1893. The total paper circulation reached its highest point in May last, when it stood at \$1,175,000,000. Since then there has been a slight contraction, caused chiefly by the gradual redemption and retirement of gold certificates, the issue of which was suspended, as the law requires, when the gold reserve of the treasury fell below \$100,000,000. The amount of counterfeit silver coins and fractional currency detected at the offices of the treasury during the year was \$10,500, an increase of \$900 over the year before.

Notwithstanding a change in the regulations whereby senders of national bank notes for redemption were required to bear the charges for transportation, the redemptions were the heaviest since 1886, amounting to \$105,000,000, or more than half of the average circulation.

Something Wrong.

About two months ago Clint A. Woodbury, a resident of Deering, and general manager of the Portland, Maine, dry-plate company, died. The autopsy by local physicians did not determine the cause of death satisfactorily to the insurance companies in which he held heavy policies, and the stomach and kidneys of the dead man were sent to Prof. Robinson, of Bowdoin college, for analysis.

The professor has reported that enough prussic acid was found in the stomach to cause death. There is evidence of special import to support a theory of murder or suicide, and, taken together, the case is one of deep mystery in every detail. The dead was insured, so it is claimed, in the Mutual Life and New York Life, of New York, for one hundred thousand dollars, divided equally between the two companies.

She Wants the Herald.

FRENCHBURG, Ky., }
Nov. 26, 1894. }

MR. COOPER—Dear Sir:—Please send me the good old HERALD for three months, for which you will find enclosed 25 cents. Send paper and present my best wishes to your numerous readers.

Respectfully,

CLARA SEXTON.

Subscribe for THE HERALD, \$1 a year.

BURIED GOLD.

A Cherokee Woman Locates a Long Buried Treasure in Tennessee.

Since the 24th inst. the citizens of Union county, Tennessee, 25 miles from Knoxville, have been going daft over the advent of Anna McDonald, an Indian woman from the Cherokee tribe of the west. The commotion this Anna McDonald has stirred up among the people about Log mountain, six miles from Luttrell, is something without precedent in this country.

In short, she has 12 men now engaged in tearing down a large Indian mound, and declares that she will expose a treasure of \$500,000. She claims this amount was paid her grandfather, Chief McIntosh, by the whites over a hundred years ago for a large estate sold them by the Indian chief. McIntosh being afraid the whites would rob him, buried it there. Up to last Monday night gold was found to the amount of nearly \$50,000. She is being backed by some of Union county's richest men, and it is only a matter of time before the whole amount will be found. The several mounds referred to have nearly all been smoothed down by the roads, but are easily located by the help of a compass. The first one opened was said to contain about \$18,000, and 90 feet directly east of this \$30,000, together with some old Indian relics, was unearthed. Miss McDonald has a lot of men guarding what she has already found. The gold is in bars. She refused to have any more work done until some of her own people arrive. She claims that she is afraid of the whites. The well-known Indian doctor, J. F. Baer, left about three or four days ago to get a lot of her people in the Indian Territory. They are expected to arrive soon, and then work will begin again. She has gone forty yards northeast from where the \$30,000 was found, and on account of her not wanting it opened until her own people arrive it is thought that at least \$100,000, or perhaps more, will be found there. About one thousand people visited the place in one day, among them being some very prominent men from Knoxville, Greenville and Middlesboro. Farmers of Union and the adjoining counties have abandoned their work and flocked to the scene.

Miss McDonald has expressed a desire to have part of the state militia there in order that her discovery might have better protection, but, of course, the militia will not be sent. Her backers, five in number, are to receive \$1,000 each for the money they put out for the unearthing of the gold.

Too Smart for a Brace of Robbers.

A telegram from Spokane, Washington, says that a daring but unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the bank at that place. The robbers, two in number, rode upon horseback, and while one of them stood guard on the outside the other entered the bank and placed a revolver at President Wells' head, commanding him to hand over the coin.

Mr. Wells, with great presence of mind, informed the robber that he would get the money out of the safe, but instead of doing so he turned the combination of the safe, locking it. The robbers seeing they were baffled, grabbed up some loose coin on the counter and rode away. Mr. Wells gave the alarm, and soon a posse started in pursuit and are hot on the trail.